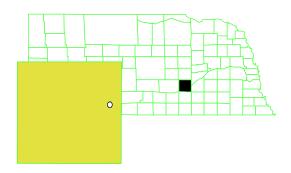
CLEBURN STREET WELL

NEBRASKA EPA ID# NED981499312 EPA Region 7 City: Grand Island County: Hall County Other Names:



SITE DESCRIPTION

The Cleburn Street well was once a drinking water source for the City of Grand Island. The municipal water system, serving 38,500 people, consists of 12 wells within city limits and 12 wells in the Platte River Island Well field southeast of the city. Now disconnected from the municipal water supply and dismantled, the contaminated Cleburn Street well was found to be contaminated with tetrachloroethylene (PCE) in 1986. Subsequent studies indicated PCE-contamination in the groundwater and sub-surface soils. Results of EPA investigations indicate four separate areas of contamination: a former solvent company; and three dry cleaners who have used or stored PCE. Some 1,100 residents not served by the municipal water system draw water from shallow private wells. The Cleburn Street Well is located within 4 miles of food and forage crops irrigated by 333 wells.

Site Responsibility:

This site is being addressed through Federal actions.

NPL LISTING HISTORY

Proposed Date: 07/29/91

Final Date: 10/14/92

Deleted Date:

THREATS AND CONTAMINANTS

Description: PCE and other volatile organic compounds (VOCs) were first discovered in the Cleburn Street well in 1986. PCE also was detected in on-site soils. Recent

studies show PCE contamination of the shallow groundwater aquifer used by the city for drinking water. Ingestion of, or direct contact with, contaminated groundwater or soil is a risk to public health.

CLEANUP APPROACH

Response Action Status

Immediate Actions: The Cleburn Street well was disconnected from the municipal water supply in 1986. In the summer of 1993, the EPA installed a groundwater extraction well at the primary source area and began pumping to contain the highest concentrations of contaminated groundwater and to prevent further migration of the contaminants toward other municipal wells. In mid-1995, in response to concern expressed by the City and nearby residents, the EPA collected samples from inside the building at the primary source area. Sample results showed that the building, severely deteriorated, was not contaminated and did not need to be demolished by the EPA. The results of this analysis allowed the City to sell the property.

Entire Site: The EPA conducted a soil-gas investigation in 1988; PCE and other VOCs were detected in three areas on site. Site-wide investigations into the nature and extent of groundwater and soil contamination were completed in 1995. A treatability study was conducted in March 1994 to determine the applicability of various soil and groundwater treatment technologies and to gather potential remedy design information. The EPA selected remedial actions, as documented in the June 1996 Record of Decision, for the three dry cleaner source areas. For the primary source area, the former One Hour Martinizing facility, the selected remedy includes the use of a soil vapor extraction technology to address source soils and groundwater extraction and air stripping to address groundwater contamination. The selected remedies for the other two dry cleaner source areas include groundwater monitoring and instituitional controls to restrict uses of groundwater in the vicinity of the source areas. Remedial designs for the selected remedies were completed in 1997 and construction of the remedies was completed in September 1998. The institutional controls have been completed, and the treatment systems are operational. EPA and the state share responsibility for operating and maintaining the treatment system. In February 1997, EPA initiated negotations with a potentially responsible party for completion of the investigation at the former solvent company source area. Union Pacific Railroad Company signed a Consent Order with the EPA for completion of a remedial investigation/feasibility study for the former solvent company source area. On-site activities for the investigation were initiated in March 1998. Completion of the RI/FS is planned for 2000.

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Site Facts:

ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRESS

Disconnecting the contaminated Cleburn Street well from the municipal water supply and containing the contaminated groundwater plume to prevent further migration of contaminants toward other municipal supply wells has reduced the risk of residents coming into contact with contaminants from the site. Additional monitoring wells have been installed at two of the dry cleaner source areas, allowing monitoring of the contamination as called for by the June 1996 ROD. Construction of the treatment systems at the primary source area, the former One Hour Martinizing dry cleaning facility, has been completed. The treatment systems are fully operational and are being monitored and maintained by EPA and the state.

SITE REPOSITORY



Edith Abbott Memorial Library, 211 N. Superfund Records Center Washington Street, Grand Island, NE 68801

901 N. 5th St. Kansas City, KS 66101 Mail Stop SUPR (913)551-4038

REGIONAL CONTACTS

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MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

STATE:

PACIFIC ISLAND(S):

07ES

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

03

EPA ORGANIZATION: SFD-IANE/SUPR

MODIFICATIONS